Grammar and Phonics Unit 2 Review

**Long A**- Long A sounds could be made with ai, ay, a, spelling patterns.

**Contractions**- When two words are shortened and an apostrophe (') is used in place of the letters taken out.

**Proper Nouns**- Nouns that name things are capitalized. They include names of people, holidays, days of the week, months, titles etc.

**Singular Nouns**- A noun that is one. Examples- dog, cat, man, lady

**Plural Nouns**- Nouns that have more than one. Plural nouns can be made plural by adding an s to the word or it can change the spelling of the word. Examples- men, dogs, cats, geese.

**Synonyms**- Words that have similar meanings. Examples- good and nice, big and huge.

**Antonyms**- Words that have opposite meanings. Examples- good and bad, small and big.

**Homonyms**- Words sound the same, but are spelled different and have different meaning.

Examples- Sea and see, knew and new, blue and blew.

**Possessive s**- When a word shows possession, an apostrophe s is added to the end of the word if it shows one